WEATHER VORECAST. Fair (onight and Friday)

Not to Proceed Against Harvester Company.

## CORRESPONDENCE READ IN CONGRESS

Washington, D. C., April 25 .-The confidential correspondence between president Roosevelt, attorney general Bonsparte and commissioner Herbert Knox Smith of the bureau of corporations, about a government antitrust suit against the International Harrester company was sent to the senate resterday from the files of the department of justice. One letter from colonel Reservelt to Mr. Bonaparte, written at Oyster Bay, on August 22, 1987, said that the colonel had had controlled the company's affairs, and directed Mr. Bonaparte not to file the suit then, but to go over the matter with commissioner Smith and Mr. Perkina. The president's letter to the attor-

then, but to go over the matter with commissioner Smith and Mr. Perkins. The president's letter to the attorney general follows:

"Oyster Bay, N. Y. Aug. 12, 1897. My dear Mr. Attorney General:—Mr. George W. Perkins of the International Harvester company has just called upon me and submitted to me certain papers of which I enclose copies. According to these papers and Mr. Perkins statement, it would appear that the barvester company repeatedly on its own initiative asked that its business be investigated by the department of commissioner of corporations.

"The harvester company says it is in a position to prove that it has lived up to the agreement made in May, 1504, and advances a proof that if any lifegal action is pointed out, it will itself rectify the matter on its being pointed out. In January last, Messrs, Garfield and Smith met various repre-

Garfield and Smith met various repre sentatives of the harvester company in New York, and a conclusion was reached that the department would beglo the examination as speedily as

"On March 7, commissioner Smith no-tified the harvester company that the inquiry would be into the incorpora-tion value of its property, securities and the general management of its business, it appears by his letter of Aug. 8, that commissioner Smith had begun the investigation, but has not made such progress with it as he would like to an account of his being crowded with work.

"Mr. Perkins' request to me is that

crowled with work.

"Mr. Perkins' request to me is that before the company is exposed to the certain foss and damage that the mere suggestion of a suit would entail, this investigation, be carried to completion. He explicitly states to me that there would be no intention to plead the examination by the department of commerce end labor as conferring an immunity from proceedings by the department of justice. Will you see Mr. Perkins and Commissioner Smith, go over the matter in full and report to "Please do not file the suit until 4 hear from you.

"Sincerely yours, "Theodore Rooseveit."

# Sensutional Incident.

The sending of the correspondence to the senal) was not without sensational incidents. Only a few weeks ago attorney general Wickersham finity refused to send it in response to a request by Senator Lea of Tennessee Today senator Johnson of Alabama, called upon the attorney general for the correspondence, and within two hours it was at hand.

No Comments Prom Hoosevelt. No Comments From Boosevelt.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., April 25,-The
hour at which the Harvester corres-

hour at which the Harvester correspondence became available here to night made it impossible to call it to colonel Roosevelt's attention in detail before his usual retiring hour.

Earlier in the evening, however, when the first news concerning the correspondence was communicated to the colonel, he said he would have nothing to say on the subject at that time. Whatever comment he might make would have to be deferred until the entire subject matter was available for his perusal.

able for his perusal.

The report from Washington that president Taff had decided upon a severe attack on colonel Roosevelt to be made in Massachusetts was taken to lonel Rossevelt. "Frightful! Frightful!" was his only

## Bonuparte Explains.

Beltimore, Md., April 25.—Respecting president Roosevelt's letter to attorney general Romparts, directing the latter to withhold the anti-trust sait against the International Harvester company, contained in the sorrespondence sent to the senate yesterday by the department of justice, Mr. Bonaparte said the action was withheld pending the result of an investigation of the harvester company by the bureau of corporations, being made at the instance of the senate. ormer attorney general Bonsparte

"The letter in question was written while I was absent from Washington and while an investigation by the department of justice was in progress in regard to be affairs of the barvester trust, but before any report had been made to the department or any decision

reached by it.

"Neveral months later, after the department had received a full report from its representative, a Mr. Townsend, I amounced to the president that I was ready to institute a suit for the dissolution of the harvester trust.

"It was then that I ascertained that the bureau of corporations had not yet completed its investigation of the same harvester trust (which it was conducting by direction of a resolution of the senatel and the matter being submitted to the cablect, it was decided that the suit should await the conclusion of Mr. Herbert Knox Smith's inquiry.

"I supposed then that this would be but a short delay. The inquiry insted, however, not only during the remaining year of Mr. Roeseveit's administration, but during some three years of Mr. Taft's administration, so far as I know, and is not yet finished.

"The president's letter of August, 1907, did not in wise delay or affect the action of the department of justice, and when I told him that the suit should be undertaken, which probably was fire or six months later, he immediately nequiesced.

"The only impediment was the discovery that Mr. Smith's inquiry still everal months later, after the de-

"The only impediment was the discovery that Mr. Smith's inquiry still was unfinished and his (Mr. Smith's) statement that he could not complete it if the suit would be brought."

Hasn't Begun to Fight.

Resignation and Opposes His Conduct.

## SAYS HE IS HAPPY TO BE IN JAIL NOW

"El Paso, Tex., April 24, 1912. en. Pascual Orozco, Chihuahua,

Mexico:

"Please accept my resignation from the charge conferred by you and consider me from this moment entirely separated from the service of your orders. I disapprove of your political conduct in the matters of the revolution.

"Braulio Hernandex."

That telegram was sent Wednesday afternoon. It means that the Liberal revolutionists have lost the services of one of their most influential officials. one of their most influential officials. Hernandez was secretary of the state of Chibmahua under governor Abram Gonzalez was active in helping Madero make his revolution, later turning to the side of Orozco's revolution. Hernandez is now in the El Paso county jail, having been brought here from Washington, D. C., where he gave himself up to answer charges here of conspiracy to ship arms to the rebela.

Sends Report of Mission to Orozco.

Before leaving the office of the United States marshal Wednesday upon his arrival from Washington, Hernandez made telegraphic report to Gen. Orozco regarding his commission to Washington. He had been sent by Orozco as special representative to the

Washington. He had been sent by Oroz-o as special representative to the United States in a diplomatic mission, and Hernaudez made his report as such, But on arriving at the jail, the revo-utionist says his thoughts crystalized in only one solution. The resignation was the result. It was telephoned to a Col. Pascual Orozco in Juarez, who is turn wired it to his son, the rebel coneral.

"I want it known that my failure to secure bond has absolutely nothing to do with it," said Hernandez Thursday morning from his cell in the lail. "In fact I sent the mossage when I did so that Gen. Orozco would not send the money, as I have every assurance that he would. Just now I do not care to give my reasons for my act. I will do that in good time, and my statement will be a sensation. Now I am in fall without any apparent chance of getting a bond But I am happy.

"No, no! My feeling toward the revolation is the same. Shall I give you my definition of a revolution? A revolution is the sacred aspirations of justilee and liberty, crystalized in good laws, which will satisfy the conscience and the heart, so establishing a moral peace that is unshakable."

Military Bank a Foelish Thing. I want it known that my failure to

Military Rank a Foolish Thing. Hernandez said he was resigning his plomatic post and his military posi-on, everything, absolutely. Asked hat his military posiwhat his military rank was, he said fretfully, "Fool Yet, I suppose I am a general, but I think that a very silly

bond of \$1500 for the revolution-The bond of \$1500 for the revolutionists release has been made out by the
United States commissioner. But in
view of the stand taken by Hernander
in his resignation to Orozoo and its
pertinent comment about "political
pertinent comment about "political
that the state of Sinaloa there are 200
federal soldiers and 3000 rebels.

In Sonora there are 300 federals to pertinent comment about positical conduct" it is deemed improbable that the rebel government will raise its hands, or the money. Hernandez says the doesn't want Grozoo's money, any-

## URGE OROZCO TO ISSUE PROCLAMATION

## Advisers Think He Should Promise Foreigners Protection.

A message was received at the rebel consulate in El Paso Thursday morning from the New York junta of the rebel organization, advising Gen. Orozen to lisue a proclamation giving his l views on the Mexican situation as particularly applied to intervention.

The message advised Orozco to pledge his party to protect foreign property and lives, to guarantee the rights of all, including foreign investors, and to call upon the people of Mexico to rally around the rebel fing as the only way of fulfilling the guarantees and preventing intervention by other world

The message further advised Gen. Orozeo to call attention of the world to the peaceful condition of the state of Chitushua, held by the rebets, as contrasted to the troubled conditions in other parts of the republic.

## PLOT TO CAPTURE THE

CITY OF TORREON FOR REBELS Mexico City, Mexico, April 25.—A plot to capture Torreon when the federal troops have for the north was discovered, according to a dispatch from that city, and as a result a dozen or more arrests have been made.

The secret agents of the government raifled a saloon and are said to have recovered rifles and a large quantity of ammunition, besides incriminating

of ammunition, besides incriminating papers. The extent of the plot has not

## BAND OF REBELS CUT AN

AQUEDUCT NEAR MEXICO CITY, Mexico City, Mexico, April 25.—Hands outlaws who have been working in a limits of the federal district, cut aqueduct that supplies water to lipa Alta, 25 miles from the capital of are threatening assaurts upon that and other towns in the vicinity. A ospective strike of dock laborers at ampice on the east coast is ampico on the east coast is caust Tampico on the east coast is causing uneasiness in that section. There are unable to flee from Mexico because of lack of money, Flexen asserted.

### MISSIONARIES ARE ORDERED TO GET OUT OF MEXICO.

Charlotte, N. C. April 25.—W. W. Boyce, in charge of the foreign mission councils of the Associate Reformed Presbyterian church of the south, wired the 12 missionaries in Mexico under this denomination to return at once to the United States on account of extreme danger to their lives as reof extreme danger to their lives as re-

NOT HELD IN CHIHUARUA Dr. Bush says that the Item in The Horald yesterday stating that it was supposed the two Americans in the pentientiary at Chuzhua were Lew Van Horn and Bud Harper, is a mistake. He says he knows the whereabouts of the two men named and that they have never been arrested in Chuahua.

BAYONETTING BALED HAY IN SEARCH FOR AUMUNITION New York, N. Y., April 25.—"I haven't begun to fight," said Col. Roosevelt, and he telegraphed to New York for his secretary and for his records dealing with the International Harvester company. He said he would give out another statement. Meantime he would make no comment.

SEARCH FOR AMMUNITION So.

Fixed beyonets are being used by the infantry patrol at the international bridges for learning the contents of hales of hay, sacks of feed and wagons loaded with other Junk. The soldlers to discover if any ammunition is hidden.

tions Bordering on Anarchy in Sinaloa.

## NO CROPS; FEW TROOPS THERE

Chicago, III., April 15.-Mail advices received today from Guaymas, Sonora, and dated April 32, tell of imminent danger threatening upwards of 1000 Americans along the west coast of the consouthern Republic.

The situation along the west coast the of northern Mexico is summed up about sho

Americans along the west coast of the southern Republic.

The situation along the west coast of northern Mexico is summed up about as follows:

The Yaqui indians are on the warpath in Sonora, shooting at passenger trains and looting ranches and small towns south of Guaymas.

The southern portion of Sonora is in a state of anarchy, and small parties of bandits are roaming the country pillaging the small places.

At Experance, where there are supposedly 150 Americans, all the women and children have been sent from the country, and the men bave armed themselves and prepared for a sleep. Similar conditions prevail at Navoloa, where there are about 100 Americans on small farms, at San Blas and Los Mochis, where there are about 100 Americans on small farms, at San Blas and Los Mochis, where there are about 100 Americans on small farms, at San Blas and Los Mochis, where there are about 100 Americans on the state of the army to advance against the federals, although the general denies that any immediate action will be taken. He will leave action will be taken. He wi

Opportunity to Escape.
From Navolato there is oppo-From Navolato there is opportunity to escape through the port of Altata, then down the coast of Masatlan, whence steamers sall for California. Maxatlan is reported quiet, though there have been many changes in government, and the absence of control in Sonora practically has maratland. Sonora practically has paralyzed busi-

Sonora fractions. Senor Felipe Riveron, who was elected governor by the legislature of Sinaloa, was fold by the federal government that no troops could be furnished
to protect the state, nor was any money
available unless it came from the state.
The state treasury is reported empty.

Rebels Have Many Vicas. Rebels Have Many Viens.

It is said that fully is percent of the people desire peace, and that the bandits are not operating in concert. Some bands cry "Viva Zapata," some "Viva Orozco," some "Viva Renteria," and the band that took Maratian recently cried "Viva Madero."

No special violence to Americans, as such, was mentioned, but the advices say there are not enough government soldlers to protect foreigners or natives.

three times as many bandits.

No crops Planted.

No crops have been planted by others than foreigners, and the food supply in sight is less than one-tenth of the normal. Money is so scarce that a large proportion of the 80 percent of the population dependent upon daily wages practically are without income.

Many harrowing tales regarding attacks by bandits and indians have reached Guzymas. Native women and children have been insulted and attacked. The men who remained to guard their property, thus far have escaped actual attack, largely becames of their determined front. Those who are in a position to judge the situation, however, fear that this state of affairs will not last after the outlaw element fully realife its strengts in the states west of the Sierra Madre.

Sanora Towns Taken.

Cananca, Mexico, April 25.—A bandid the balding Escabage.

Cananea, Mexico, April 25.—A band led by Isidro Escobusa attempted to take the town of Arizpe, Sonora, Saturday night and was repulsed. The band looted the towns of Huepac and Banamichi, on the Sonora river, Sixty mounted volunteers and a band of 30 lavel Vacual Ladians are in present loyal Yaqui indians are in pursuit.

# MANY ABUSES BY

says many Mexicans of the better class-sometimes are in as bad a predicament us foreign residents of the country. Bandits take advantage of the unset-iled state of the republic, enter towns and carry off the young daughters of Mexican families to suffer mistreat-ment, he says. The marauders travel is such numbers as to make protection for such young women practically imfor such young women practically im-

Many of the brigands, declared Flex-Many of the brigands, declared Flexen, are former soldlers. They were release cruited from prison, but at the first opportunity they deserted.

Oftentimes, said Flexen, Americans and other foreigners in danger have and tection. Invariably the executive's reply has been: "I have no protection to offer."

MEXICAN PAPER URGES WAR ON UNITED STATES, Declares the "Yankee Pigs" Insult Be-fore Striking, and That Diaz Must Come Home to Lead the Fight.

The Los Angeles Times, under date Mexico City, April 19, prints the fol-

lowing:

For the first time since the days of Santa Ana. Americans tonight have been openly attacked and insulted by the newspapers of Wexico and through other public sources.

A demand is made for the expulsion of the "Yankee pigs" and a call sent out for Diaz to return and deliver the country from the insults of the Yankee cowards of the north."

Posted on nearly every billboard and public place in the city tonight is the glaring declaration of a "holy war" printed in an afternoon paper, Gil Blas, this evening. Here is what the paper says:

"Gen Pears and the since the days of the north."

says:
"Gen. Diaz must be called back to fight for the defence of the country. Let it be war; we shall prepare ourselves for it without loss of time, a holy war, face to face with the enemy who insults before attacking us, the enemy who spits on us before wound-

(Continued on Next Page.)

Directed Attorney General Wires Rebel Commander His Mail Advices Tell of Condi- Reaches Jimenez From Chi- Governor Hadley Says Taft Young Widener's Identified Denies He Tried to Suppress huahua With 600 Men: Goes South Tomorrow.

## CAMPA BACK IN HARNESS AGAIN

(By Associated Press.)
Jimenez, Chi.h. Mex., April 25.—Once more this town has become the temporary headquarters of the revolution-ary army. Gen. Pascual Orozco, ac-companied by his chief of staff, Col

Boys Our of the Service.

Children are not wanted in the rebel army. Fifteen boys, the youngest 7 and the oldest 13 years, were lined up at headquarters last night before Gen. Salazar, who told them that their places were with their mothers. In a manner not at all soldierly, some of the youngsters snifled and pleaded for permission to romain, but the general was obdurate and today they will be taken to Chihuahua by Capt Carlos Gonzalez, where they will be distributed, some going to homes as far north as Juarez. Yesterday afternoon Salazar had the ranks of the army searched for the distribute of the distribute of the distributed of t ed governor by the legislature of Sinaloa, was told by the federal government that no troops could be furnished
to protect the state, nor was any money
available unless it came from the state.

The state treasury is reported empty.
Meanwhile the banks are closed, credits stopped and merchants are paying
16 percent as insurance against riot
loss.

The Southern Pacific is running no
trains south of San Blas, and word
has been sent our that after next Sunday, service may be discontinued enlirely, depending upon the action of
the bandits. This, of course, will mean
the blocking of all avenues of escape
for many.

Rebels Have Many Vice.

# UNIO INI

Answers Attacks of Former President in Indignant Speech at Springfield.

## SAY SROOSEVELT IS NOT SQUARE DEALER

Springfield, Mass., April 25,-President Taft made his answer here to-day to the criticisms that Col. Theo-dore Hoosevelt had made of him and bls administration.

his administration.
In a speech that bristled with indignation, in which he named Col. Roosevelt over and over again, Mr. Taft told a crowd that filled Springfield public square how he believed Mr. Roosevelt had not given him a "square deal," and how he had "misstated" and "distorted" the facts concerning Mr. Taft's conduct and actions in the white bouse.

In the white house.

He replied in some detail to many of the charges that Col. Roosevelt has made against him since the present campaign began. He took pains to make plain Mr. Roosevelt's knowledge of and complete agreement with many

MEXICAN BANDITS

Railroad Engineer Tells of

Outrages on Women

and Girls.

Galveston, Texas, April 35.—J. Flexen. a railroad engineer from Mexico, says many Mexicans of the better class.

Rossevelt Boctrines Denounced.

Roosevelt Doctrines Denounced.
Mr. Roosevelt's doctrine of the recall
f judges and the recall of decisions. is willingness to disregard the "wise ustom" that forbids a third term, hether consecutive or not, his appeal o "class hatred" and "prejudice" and is "absolute failure" to put forth any operate proposals for true reform and rue progress. Mr. Taft said, all com-ined to make him believe that the merican people should not choose Mr.

Roosevelt again.

Mr. Taft began his speech by declaring he spoke plainly only because he believed it time for him to do so, and he brought in Col.\* Roosevelt's name because events had forced him

Roosevell's Recommend.

Roosevelt's Recommend.

"In 1308 Theodore Roosevelt recommended to the people of the United States that I be nominated by the Republican party and be elected. He labored hard and long to bring this result about and he succeeded. I felt the deepest gratitude to him.

"Neither in thought, word or action have I been disloyal to the friendship I owe Theodore Roosevelt. When the time came for this campaign to begin I let the people know that I would like to have my administration approved by their giving me another term.

"At that time Theodore Roosevelt said he was not a candidate and that

"At that time Theodore Roosevelt said he was not a candidate and that it would be a calamity if he were non-limited. Since then he has changed his mind. So far as he, personally, was concerned, the president said, he never would have attacked Col. Roosevelt nor had a quarrel with him.

Answers as Representative.
"So far" said by. "as personal ambi-

Answers as Representative.

"So far," said he, "as personal ambition is concerned; so far as personal feeling is concerned. I would never answer his charges. But I cannot act for myself. I represent a cause. I represent an element of the Republican party that believes in constitutional government and preservation; that believes in wise progress under the guarantees of the constitution.

"By misstatements through the coun-"By misstatements through the country Mr. Roosevelt has led many people to believe charges made against me

and my administration."

Forces Propose to Usurp Power in Convention.

## COMMITTEE HEARING DEAD BODIES ON MANY CONTESTS

St. Louis, Mo., April 25.—Roosevelt and Taft factions unable to agree, delayed the opening of the Republican state convention here today. The subcommittee, which is bearing the con-tests, resumed its session at 8 o'clock with the Jackson county contest before

with the Jackson county contest before it. The sub-committee was in session until after 3 o'clock this morning.
Early this morning governor H. S. Hadley, leader of the Roosavelt faction, refused to consider a compromise to end the party row and decided to continue the fight before the state committee which is to complete the temporary organization of the convention after the sub-cummittee reports. The compromise presented by the St. Louis city committee was that Gov. Hadley and mayor F. H. Kreismann of St. Louis, a Taft adherent, be named as two delegates at large, the other two to be chosen in some manner to be agreed upon, on to be a Taft man and the other a Roosevelt supporter.

Governor Expects Serious Trouble, State chairman Charles D. Morris

city committee was that Gov. Hadley and mayor F. H. Kreismann of St. Louis, a Tart adherent, be named as two delegates at large, the other vice of the control of the contr

o'clock until 12 o'clock and instructed the subcommittee to proceed with the Jackson county and other contests and report later. This will delay the opening of the convention.

Militia May Be Needed.

"I have made no provision for calling out the militia to preserve order at the convention," said governor Haldey, in discussing the situation, although I have the greatest fears as although I have the greatest fears as to what may happen. The feeling is very bitter. The program of the Taff leaders is so outrageously unfair that almost anything might happen when the convention meets. I should feel easy if I saw nothing more serious ahead than a split in the convention. "We have appealed to the Taft men to be fair and not to throw out delegates elected by the people. The Roosevelt men came to this convention with a majority of more than 200 delegates and the Taft men propose to take control of it by sweeping them outpy without feason or excuse. It is the most outrageous program I have the most outrageous program I have ever seen, and I am surprised that Otto F. Stifil, as leader of the Tafr men, would countenance such methods.

## GOVERNOR HARMON BEGINS CAMPAIGN IN TEXAS

CAMPAIGN IN TEXAS
Dallas Tex April 25.—Governor Harmon, of Ohio, began a short campaign
in Texas yesterday in the interest of
his candidacy for the presidency. He
traveled by trolley from Denison, where
he made his first speech, to Dallas,
making addresses at Sherman and Dallas to large and cordial audiences, a
breakfast talk at Denison and rear platform talks at half a dozen smaller
points.

points.

The keynote of governor Harmon's addresses in so far as his own aspirations dresses in so far as his own aspirations are concerned was filted expressed:
"When Aldrich said the application of business principles to the federal government, would reduce expenses \$300,000 a year, I felt for the first time that I would like to go to Washington."

He decisted Democrats should not fall out over non-essentials, and that the initiative, referendum and recall were not essential. were not essential.

## CONDITIONS MAY MAKE BRYAN CANDIDATE AGAIN

Washington, D. C., April 25.—The visit of William J. Bryan to Washington visit of William J. Bryan to Washington and his conference with various party leaders, particularly in the senate, was followed by widespread discussion of the possibility that the distinguished Nebraskin might again be the Democratic candidate for president.

Mr. Bryan frankly said to interviewers that he was not a candidate for the nomination in any sense of the word and that it was difficult for him to conceive of any circumstances under

ceive of any circumstances under which he might be a candidate. He said there were plenty of other progressives in the party from whom a selection

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION TO BE HELD IN SWEETWATER MAY 18

Sweetwater, Texas, April 25.—The
Republican executive committee has
called a convention of delogates from
the counties comprising the 18th congressional district to meet in \$6\$ weetwater. Thursday, May 16, at 2 p. m.,
for the purpose of electing two delegates and two alternates to attend the
national convention to be held in Chicago, June 18, and also to name the
presidential electors for this district.
The representation from each county
will be one delegate for every 300 votes
or major fraction thereof cast for
judge Terrell for governor in 1910.

W. B. Howard, chalrman of the 18th
congressional district, signs the call.

VARE ELECTED TO CONCRETE

VARE ELECTED TO CONGRESS Philadelphia, Pa., April 25.—At a special election yesterday in the first congressional district, William S. Vare was chosen to succeed the late congressman Henry H. Bingham.

Butt Believed Found.

# THE SEA FOR MILES

and gives the further information that the majority of the bodies will never come to the surface. Captain Lardner, of the Mackay-Ben-

## WANTS TWO COURTS FOR NEW MEXICO

Fall Introduces Measure in Congress For Two Federal Judges.

Washington, D. C., April 25.— & Senator Fall, of New Mexico, has & introduced a bill in the senate to & divide the state of New Mexico & two Judicial districts and the circuit and district courts shall of be held at Santa Fe for the north of ern district and at Las Cruces and of @ Roswell for the southern district.

Wamen Score Victory.

Partial home rule for Alaska, with authority vested in the legislature to grant to women the right to vote, was approved by the house Wednesday when it passed the bill for a local Alaskan government.

Powers of Probers Enlarged.

Powers of Probers Emlarged.

The house today passed the Pulo resolution enlarging the powers of the so-called 'money trust' investigating committee, by a rate of 227 to 15. Under the new resolution the banking and currency committee will employ two attorneys and being an exhaustive investigation of the inter relations between the financial interests and the industrial, commercial and transportation interests of the the country. tation interests of the the country.

the Mexican burder some months ago.

and That of Archibald News of the Titanic Disaster, However.

## ZURICH SAYS TEMPLE WAS NEAR TITANIC

New York, N. Y., April 25.—Two hun-dred and five bodies of the victims of the Titunic distator have been picked up at sea by the cable steamer Mackay-Bennett and are being taken to Hali-fax, N. S. The captain of the Mackay-Bennett confirms the identification of George D. Widener, son of P. A. E. Widener, of Philadelphia in a wireless dispatch today to the White Star line and gives the further information that trophe for publication.

Mr. Marconi explained that in giving Capatain Lardner, of the Mackay-Benhett, sends word through the Cape
has been drifting in a fog since noon
resterday. He does not indicate when
he will reach Halifax. Bodies are floatling-upon the sea many miles east and
west in latitude 41.35 north and longitude 48.37 west, says the wireless.
The following dispatch was received
foday by the White Star line through
the Cape Race wireless station;
"Drifting in dens" fog since noon
yesterday. Total picked up 205. We
brought away all embaiming finid to
be had in Halifax, enough for 70.

"With a week's fine weather I think
we woulld pretty well clean up relies
of the disaster. It is my opinion that
the majority never will come to the
surface."

Another wireless dispatch from the consent for the sale he had not at-

mentioned in the wireless, but it is said, this refers to a member of the crew.

Of the yet house research to the sent in the Of the 295 bodies recovered and now being brought to Hallfux, only 42 have been identified, leaving 162 unidentified dead on board.

\*\*Rent.\*\*

Lightolier said that when the telegram came from New York saying the Cedric would not be held, he urged Mr. Ismay to insist upon the Cedric being

"I was told on the Carpathia that chief officer Wild, who was working at the forward collapsible boat, told Mr. Ismay there were no more women to go. Ismay still stood back and Wild, who was a blg powerful man, bundled him into the collapsible boat." "Who told you this powerful officer, Mr. Wild, ordered Mr. Ismay into the boat?" I don't know."

"I don't know." Would Keep Witnesses Together. "Did you know then the senate was going to hold an investigation?" "Most certainly not, or the telegram never would have been sent. Our sole

deever would have been sent. Our sole idea was to keep witnesses together, for such an investigation as we knew would be made in England."

Senator Fletcher wanted to know had the Zitanic been going slower if her danger would have been less Lightoller said she would have been slower, on her helm and would have hed more time in which to turn. He said the ship was traveling the usual westbound track.

We man's suffrage scored its first victory in the house when by a vote of \$1 to \$5 an amendment was adopted assuring to the Alaskan legislature the right "to modify the qualifications of electors by extending the elective franchise to women."

"Do you know if all the passengers were aroused and teld the ship was sinking" continued the senstor.

"Not that I can state accurately, but from my knowledge of the condition at the time, I am sure that all were aroused." "Not that I can state accurately, but from my knowledge of the condition at the time, I am sure that all were aroused."

Lightoller said that a vessel of the

Titanic's tonnage going at a rate of 21% knots an hour, could be stopped in a distance of one-fourth of a mile. Saw Lights of Ship Near, Mr. Smith asked if Lighteller had seen the lights of the mysterious vos-"I saw the light," he answered "It was two points off the starboard bow."

'Did you know what the lights

The Collision.

SOLDIERS PREPARE
FOR REAL WAR

Artillery Is Now Drilling as Infantry and Taking Marches.

Pensacola Fis. April 23.—All of the mortars and navy guns at Forts Pickens and McRee have been put out of commission and the soldiers here and at Fort Barancas are being put through infantry tactics. They go through skirmish and extended order drills two hours or more every day. Long marches along the beach are included It is the general opinion that preparations are being made to take the field on notice similar to the movement to the Mexican border some months ago.

The Collision.

Robert Hichens, quartermaster in charge of the life boat which took off major Peuchen and others, testified that the Titanic's wheel. He said the want in the Collision was when the collision occurred he was at the Titanic's wheel. He said the officers had been warned to look out from the bridge. The right add is start of five degrees to starthoard within five minutes. The stuyed at the wheel until 12:23. About that time one of the officers said, we'll want to be considered to gut the boats, and I was put in charge of No. 6 and ordered to gut away toward a distant Right. I had it women one seaman, myself, at fullan lad and the major. I teld the men we would have to pull away from the ship as she was going down by the head. Everybody had to row and I even asked the women. We started for the charge of the life boat which five minutes in the tritanic's wheel. He said the was defined at the Titanic's wheel. He said the the result is the collision occurred he was at the Titanic's wheel. He said the the result is at the Titanic's wheel. He said the the result is at the Titanic's wheel. He said the the said the the result is at the Titanic's wheel. He said the the said the the result is at the Titanic's wheel. He said the the result is at the Titanic's wheel. He said the the said the the result is at the Titanic's wheel. He said the the said the the result is at the Titanic's wheel. He said the the said the the result is at the Titanic's wheel. He s

(Continued on Page tour.)

## VILLA WOULD SETTLE TO FIGHT OROZCO FOR THE NATION REVOLT WITH A DUEL

Pancho Villa, the Maderiain leader, who was defeated by Salazar at Parral, has issued a public letter, according to "El Imparcial," in which he has a plan to put an end to the revolution and restore peace to Mexico.

Villa's scheme is to stake every thing on the outcome of the duel he to represent the federal side and Orozen the rebel side. If Villa wins the duel the federal government is to be supreme and if Oroseo is victorious in the duel, the rebels are to be the winners.